

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A catheter comprising:
 - a proximal shaft;
 - a distal shaft connected to a front portion of said proximal
 - 5 shaft;
 - a hub provided to the rear side of said proximal shaft;
 - a balloon provided at a front portion of said distal shaft;
 - a balloon lumen for communicating said hub to the inside of
 - said balloon; and
 - 10 a guide wire lumen for allowing a guide wire to be inserted
 - through said guide wire lumen, said guide wire lumen including a
 - distal side aperture positioned on the distal side from a front end of
 - said balloon and a proximal side aperture positioned on the rear side
 - from a rear end of said balloon;
 - 15 wherein at least a front portion, positioned on the rear side
 - from said balloon, of said distal shaft is configured as a grooved
 - portion having a groove.
2. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein said groove is
- formed into spiral shape or annular shape.
- 20 3. A catheter according to claim 2, wherein the pitch of said
- spiral or annular groove is changed in the direction toward the distal
- end of said catheter.
4. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein the depth of said
- groove is in a range of 30 to 90% of the wall thickness of said distal
- 25 shaft.
5. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein the depth of said
- groove is changed in the direction toward the distal end of said
- catheter.
6. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein said grooved
- 30 portion includes a first region, a second region, and a third region

disposed in this order from the distal side, and the depth of said groove in said second region is larger than that of said groove in said third region and the depth of said groove in said first region is larger than that of said groove in said second region.

5 7. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein said grooved portion is provided at a portion adjacent to said balloon.

8. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein said distal shaft is made from a polymer material having a Shore D hardness of 70 or more and a flexural modulus of 11,000 kgf/cm² or more.

10 9. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein the product of an outer diameter (S) of said distal shaft of said grooved portion and a flexural modulus (E) of a material forming said distal shaft is in a range of 500 kgf/cm or more.

15 10. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein said distal shaft has a distal portion and a proximal portion, and the rigidity of said proximal portion of said distal shaft is lower than that of said proximal shaft and is higher than that of said distal portion of said distal shaft.

11. A catheter according to claim 1, wherein said groove is formed in an outer surface of said distal shaft.

20 12. A catheter comprising:

a proximal shaft having a high rigidity;

a distal shaft provided on a front portion of said proximal shaft so as to be in fluid communication with said proximal shaft and having a rigidity lower than that of said proximal shaft;

25 a hub connected to the vicinity of a rear end of said proximal shaft and configured to allow a pressure applying apparatus to be connected to said hub;

a balloon provided on a front side of said distal shaft so as to be in fluid communication with said distal shaft and configured to receive
30 pressure applied from said hub; and

a guide wire lumen for allowing a guide wire to be inserted through said guide wire lumen, said guide wire lumen including a distal side aperture positioned on the front side from a front end of said balloon and a proximal side aperture positioned on the rear side
5 from a rear end of said balloon;

wherein at least a distal portion of said distal shaft is configured as a grooved portion having a groove.

13. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said groove is formed into spiral shape or annular shape.

10 14. A catheter according to claim 13, wherein the pitch of said spiral or annular groove is changed in the direction toward the distal end of said catheter.

15 15. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein the depth of said groove is in a range of 30 to 90% of the wall thickness of said distal shaft.

16. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein the depth of said groove is changed in the direction toward the distal end of said catheter.

20 17. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said grooved portion includes a first region, a second region, and a third region disposed in this order from the distal side, and the depth of said groove in said second region is larger than that of said groove in said third region and the depth of said groove in said first region is larger than that of said groove in said second region.

25 18. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said grooved portion is positioned on the rear side from said balloon.

19. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said grooved portion is provided at a portion adjacent to said balloon.

30 20. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said distal shaft is made from a polymer material having a Shore D hardness of 70 or

more and a flexural modulus of 11,000 kgf/cm² or more.

21. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein the product of an outer diameter (S) of said distal shaft of said grooved portion and a flexural modulus (E) of a material forming said distal shaft is in a range of 500 kgf/cm or more.

22. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said distal shaft has a distal portion and a proximal portion, and the rigidity of said proximal portion of said distal shaft is lower than that of said proximal shaft and is higher than that of said distal portion of said distal shaft.

23. A catheter according to claim 12, wherein said groove is formed in an outer surface of said distal shaft.

24. A medical tube comprising:

a tube-like shaft; and

a lumen formed in said shaft;

wherein said shaft includes a groove formed with its depths changed in the direction toward a distal end of said medical tube.